

Nama : .....

Kelas : .....

Matematik  
Kertas 1 (1449/1)  
September 2024



SEKOLAH MENENGAH KEBANGSAAN XXXXXXX

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**UJIAN DIAGNOSTIK 3**  
**MATEMATIK TINGKATAN 5**  
Kertas 1  
1 jam 30 minit

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**MAKLUMAT UNTUK CALON**  
**INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES**

1. Kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi **40** soalan.  
*This question paper consists of **40** questions.*
2. Jawab **semua** soalan.  
*Answer **all** questions.*
3. Jawab setiap soalan dengan menghitamkan ruangan yang betul pada kertas jawapan objektif.  
*Answer each question by blackening the correct space on the objective answer sheet.*
4. Hitamkan **satu** ruangan sahaja bagi setiap soalan.  
*Blacken only **one** space for each question.*
5. Rajah yang mengiringi soalan tidak dilukis mengikut skala kecuali dinyatakan.  
*The diagrams in the questions provided are not drawn to scale unless stated.*
6. Satu senarai rumus disediakan di halaman 2 hingga 4.  
*A list of formulae is provided on pages 2 to 4.*
7. Anda dibenarkan menggunakan kalkulator saintifik.  
*You may use a scientific calculator.*

Kertas peperiksaan ini mengandungi 20 halaman bercetak

**NOMBOR DAN OPERASI  
NUMBER AND OPERATIONS**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$  | 2 $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$   |
| 3 $(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$  | 4 $a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a}$  |
| 5 $a^{\frac{m}{n}} = (a^m)^{\frac{1}{n}} = \left(a^{\frac{1}{n}}\right)^m$  | 6 $a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m} = \left(\sqrt[n]{a}\right)^m$                       |
| 7 Faedah mudah / <i>Simple interest</i> ,<br>$I = Prt$  | 8 Nilai matang / <i>Maturity value</i> ,<br>$MV = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$ |
| 9 Jumlah bayaran balik / <i>Total repayment</i> , $A = P + Prt$   |  |
| 10 $\text{Premium} = \frac{\text{Nilai muka polisi}}{\text{RMx}} \times (\text{Kadar premium per RMx})$<br>$\text{Premium} = \frac{\text{Face value of policy}}{\text{RMx}} \times (\text{Premium rate per RMx})$   |  |
| 11 Jumlah insurans yang harus dibeli = $\left(\frac{\text{Peratusan}}{\text{ko - insurans}}\right) \times \left(\frac{\text{Nilai boleh}}{\text{insurans harta}}\right)$<br>$\text{Amount of required insurance} = \left(\frac{\text{Percentage of}}{\text{co - insurance}}\right) \times \left(\frac{\text{Insurable value}}{\text{of property}}\right)$ |  |

**PERKAITAN DAN ALGEBRA  
RELATIONSHIP AND ALGEBRA**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1 Jarak / <i>Distance</i><br>$= \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$  | 2 Titik tengah / <i>Midpoint</i> ,<br>$(x, y) = \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}\right)$         |
| 3 Laju purata = $\frac{\text{Jumlah jarak}}{\text{Jumlah masa}}$<br>$\text{Average speed} = \frac{\text{Total distance}}{\text{Total time}}$ | 4 $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$  |
| 5 $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad - bc} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$  | 6 $m = -\frac{\text{pintasan } y}{\text{pintasan } x}$<br>$m = -\frac{\text{y intercept}}{\text{x intercept}}$ |

**SUKATAN DAN GEOMETRI**  
**MEASUREMENT AND GEOMETRY**

- 1 Teorem Pythagoras / *Pythagoras Theorem*,  $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$
- 2 Hasil tambah sudut pedalaman poligon / *Sum of interior angles of a polygon*  
 $= (n - 2) \times 180^\circ$
- 3 Lilitan bulatan =  $\pi d = 2 \pi j$   
*Circumference of circle* =  $\pi d = 2 \pi r$
- 4 Luas bulatan =  $\pi j^2$   
*Area of circle* =  $\pi r^2$
- 5 
$$\frac{\text{Panjang lengkok}}{2\pi j} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$$
  
$$\frac{\text{Arc length}}{2\pi r} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$$
- 6 
$$\frac{\text{Luas sektor}}{\pi j^2} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$$
  
$$\frac{\text{Area of sector}}{\pi r^2} = \frac{\theta}{360^\circ}$$
- 7 Luas layang =  $\frac{1}{2} \times$  hasil darab panjang dua pepenjuru  
*Area of kite* =  $\frac{1}{2} \times$  *product of the length of two diagonals*
- 8 Luas trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2} \times$  hasil tambah dua sisi selari  $\times$  tinggi  
*Area of trapezium* =  $\frac{1}{2} \times$  *sum of two parallel sides*  $\times$  *height*
- 9 Luas permukaan silinder =  $2\pi j^2 + 2\pi jt$   
*Surface area of cylinder* =  $2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$
- 10 Luas permukaan kon =  $\pi j^2 + \pi js$   
*Surface area of cone* =  $\pi r^2 + \pi rs$
- 11 Luas permukaan sfera =  $4\pi j^2$   
*Surface area of sphere* =  $4\pi r^2$
- 12 Isi padu prisma = luas keratan rentas  $\times$  tinggi  
*Volume of prism* = *area of cross section*  $\times$  *height*
- 13 Isi padu silinder =  $\pi j^2 t$   
*Volume of cylinder* =  $\pi r^2 h$

- 14 Isi padu kon =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$   
*Volume of cone* =  $\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$
- 15 Isi padu sfera =  $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$   
*Volume of sphere* =  $\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$
- 16 Isi padu piramid =  $\frac{1}{3} \times \text{luas tapak} \times \text{tinggi}$   
*Volume of pyramid* =  $\frac{1}{3} \times \text{base area} \times \text{height}$
- 17 Faktor skala,  $k = \frac{PA'}{PA}$   
*Scale factor, k* =  $\frac{PA'}{PA}$
- 18 Luas imej =  $k^2 \times \text{luas objek}$   
*Area of image* =  $k^2 \times \text{area of object}$

**STATISTIK DAN KEBARANGKALIAN**  
**STATISTICS AND PROBABILITY**

- 1 Min / Mean,  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{N}$
- 2 Min / Mean,  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum fx}{\sum f}$
- 3 Varians / Variance,  $\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum(x-\bar{x})^2}{N} = \frac{\sum x^2}{N} - \bar{x}^2$
- 4 Varians / Variance,  $\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum f(x-\bar{x})^2}{\sum f} = \frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \bar{x}^2$
- 5 Sisihan piawai / Standard deviation,  $\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x-\bar{x})^2}{N}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{N} - \bar{x}^2}$
- 6 Sisihan piawai / Standard deviation,  $\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum f(x-\bar{x})^2}{\sum f}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum fx^2}{\sum f} - \bar{x}^2}$
- 7  $P(A) = \frac{n(A)}{n(S)}$
- 8  $P(A') = 1 - P(A)$



- 4 Jarak,  $d$  yang dilalui oleh sebuah basikal berubah secara langsung dengan kuasa dua laju,  $v$  dan secara songsang dengan pecutan,  $a$ . Diberi bahawa  $d = 1600$  m,  $v = 40 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  dan  $a = 0.5 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ . Hitung nilai  $a$  apabila  $d = 4500$  m dan  $v = 50 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .  
*The distance,  $d$  travelled by a bicycle varies directly with the square of the speed,  $v$  and inversely with the acceleration,  $a$ . Given that  $d = 1600$  m,  $v = 40 \text{ ms}^{-1}$  and  $a = 0.5 \text{ ms}^{-2}$ . Calculate the value of  $a$  when  $d = 4500$  m and  $v = 50 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .*

**A**  $\frac{1}{2}$

**C**  $\frac{14}{18}$

**B**  $\frac{5}{18}$

**D**  $\frac{10}{18}$

- 5 Selesaikan :  $3x - 2 < -5 - \frac{3}{4}x$

Solve :

**A**  $x < -\frac{4}{5}$

**C**  $x < -\frac{2}{3}$

**B**  $x > -\frac{4}{5}$

**D**  $x > -\frac{2}{3}$

- 6 Diberi matriks  $K = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 7 & 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ , matriks  $L = \begin{pmatrix} 14 & -2 & 1 \\ 13 & 18 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$  dan matriks  $M = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & -8 & 4 \\ 6 & -11 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ . Hitung nilai  $2K + L - M$ .

*Given matrix  $K = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 7 & 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$ , matrix  $L = \begin{pmatrix} 14 & -2 & 1 \\ 13 & 18 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$  and matrix  $M = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & -8 & 4 \\ 6 & -11 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ . Calculate the value of  $2K + L - M$ .*

**A**  $\begin{pmatrix} 9 & 6 & -1 \\ 14 & 33 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

**C**  $\begin{pmatrix} 9 & -6 & 1 \\ 14 & 11 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

**B**  $\begin{pmatrix} 14 & -10 & -1 \\ 21 & -37 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$

**D**  $\begin{pmatrix} 14 & 6 & 1 \\ 21 & 37 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$

- 7 Diberi  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 1 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$  dan  $BY = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}$ .  
 Given  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ 1 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $BY = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 15 \end{pmatrix}$ .

Antara berikut, yang manakah **benar**?

Which of the following is **true**?

	Peringkat matriks Y Order of matrix Y	Unsur $Y_{11}$ . Element $Y_{11}$ .
<b>A</b>	$2 \times 1$	- 3
<b>B</b>	$2 \times 2$	2
<b>C</b>	$2 \times 2$	- 2
<b>D</b>	$2 \times 1$	3

8  $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} =$

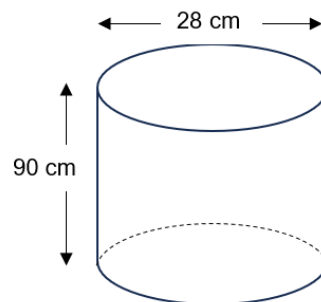
**A**  $\begin{pmatrix} -10 & 4 \\ -6 & 16 \end{pmatrix}$

**C**  $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$

**B**  $\begin{pmatrix} -10 & -2 \\ 12 & 16 \end{pmatrix}$

**D**  $\begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 22 \end{pmatrix}$

- 9 Rajah 1 menunjukkan sebuah silinder yang kosong dengan ketinggian 90 cm dan diameter 28 cm. Raziq memasukkan air ke dalam silinder itu sehingga penuh.  
 Diagram 1 shows an empty cylinder with the height is 90 cm and the diameter 28 cm. Raziq fills up the cylinder full with water.



Rajah 1 / Diagram 1

Hitungkan isipadu air, dalam  $\text{cm}^3$ , yang perlu dimasukkan ke dalam tiga bekas silinder yang sama saiz.

Calculate the volume of water, in  $\text{cm}^3$ , needed to fill up three cylinders of the same size.

(Guna / Use  $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$ )

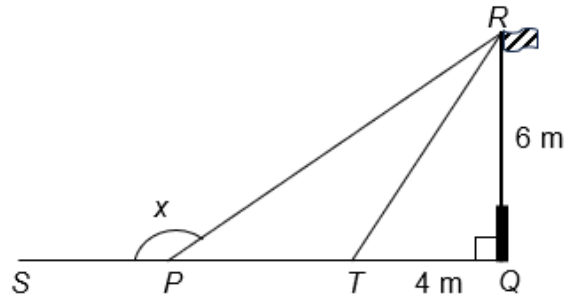
**A** 55 440

**C** 221 760

**B** 166 320

**D** 665 280

- 10 Dalam Rajah 2,  $QR$  ialah sebatang tiang bendera.  $SPTQ$  ialah satu garis lurus.  
*In Diagram 2,  $QR$  is a flag pole.  $SPTQ$  is a straight line.*

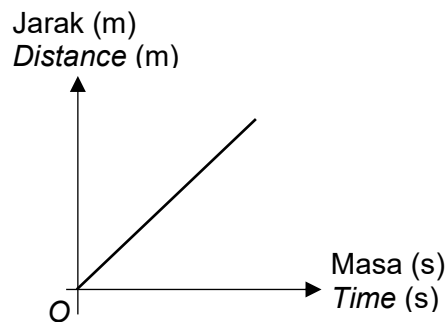


Rajah 2 / Diagram 2

Jika  $T$  ialah titik tengah bagi  $PQ$ , cari kos  $x$ .  
*If  $T$  is a midpoint of  $PQ$ , find  $\cos x$ .*

- |          |                |          |                |
|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|
| <b>A</b> | $\frac{3}{4}$  | <b>C</b> | $-\frac{3}{4}$ |
| <b>B</b> | $-\frac{3}{5}$ | <b>D</b> | $-\frac{4}{5}$ |

- 11 Rajah 3 menunjukkan graf jarak-masa bagi suatu zarah.  
*Diagram 3 shows the distance-time graph of a particle.*



Rajah 3 / Diagram 3

Graf menunjukkan bahawa  
*The graph indicates that*

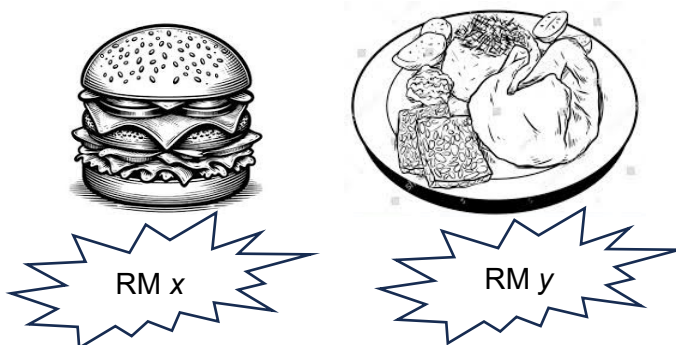
- |          |   |
|----------|---|
| <b>A</b> | zarah bergerak dengan laju seragam.<br><i>the particle moves at a constant speed.</i>                 |
| <b>B</b> | zarah berada dalam keadaan pegun.<br><i>the particle is stationary.</i>                               |
| <b>C</b> | zarah bergerak dengan kelajuan semakin bertambah.<br><i>the particle moves with increasing speed.</i> |
| <b>D</b> | zarah bergerak dengan kelajuan berkurang.<br><i>the particle moves with decreasing speed.</i>         |







- 17 Rajah 7 menunjukkan harga bagi dua jenis makanan di sebuah kedai makan. Seorang pelanggan membayar RM30 untuk 3 set burger dan 4 set nasi ayam. *Diagram 7 shows the prices of two types of food at a restaurant. A customer pays RM30 for 3 sets of burgers and 4 sets of chicken rice.*



Rajah 7 / Diagram 7

Ungkapkan  $y$  dalam sebutan  $x$ .  
Express  $y$  in terms of  $x$ .

**A**  $y = \frac{30 - 3x}{4}$

**B**  $y = \frac{3x - 30}{4}$

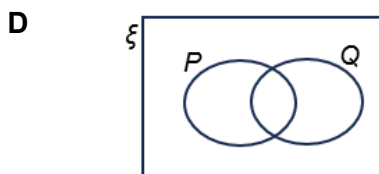
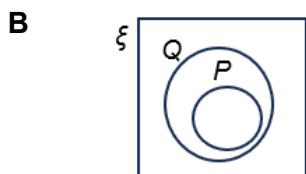
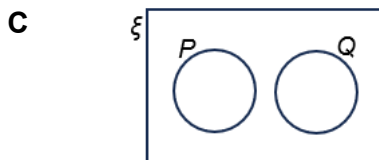
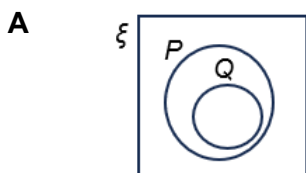
**C**  $y = \frac{30 - 4x}{3}$

**D**  $y = \frac{4x - 30}{3}$

- 18 Diberi bahawa set semesta,  $\xi = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11\}$ , set  $P = \{\text{nombor genap}\}$  dan set  $Q = \{\text{nombor perdana}\}$ . Antara gambar rajah Venn berikut, yang manakah mewakili hubungan untuk set-set tersebut?

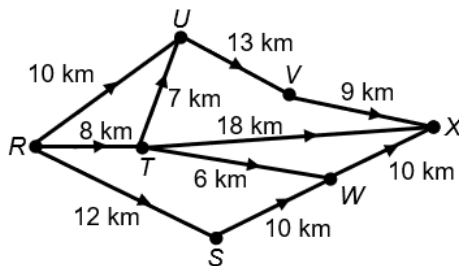
*Given that universal set,  $\xi = \{2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11\}$ , set  $P = \{\text{even numbers}\}$  and set  $Q = \{\text{prime numbers}\}$ .*

*Which of the following Venn diagrams represents the relationship for the sets?*



- 19 Rajah 8 menunjukkan graf terarah dan berpemberat yang menghubungkan 7 buah kilang.

Diagram 8 shows a directed and weighted graph connecting 7 factories.



Rajah 8 / Diagram 8

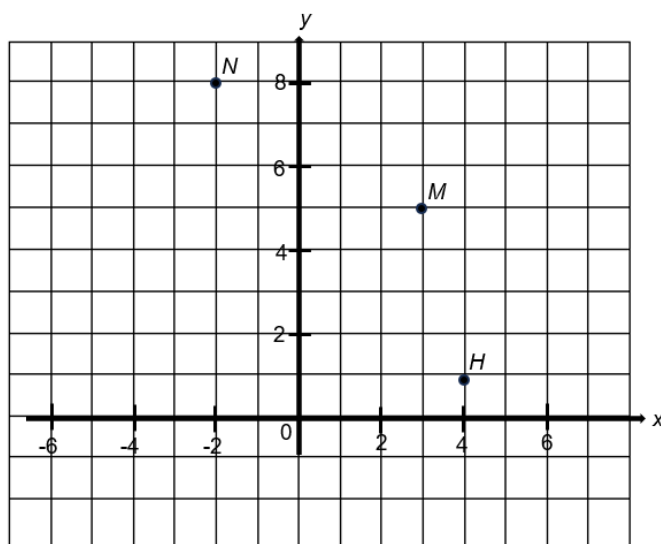
Aizam memandu van untuk menghantar barang dari kilang R ke kilang X. Tentukan laluan van Aizam, jika dia ingin menggunakan laluan yang terpendek untuk sampai ke kilang X.

Aizam drives a van to deliver goods from factory R to factory X. Determine the route of Aizam's van, if he wants to take the shortest route to reach factory X.

- |          |   |          |   |
|----------|---|----------|---|
| <b>A</b> | $R \rightarrow S \rightarrow W \rightarrow X$ | <b>C</b> | $R \rightarrow U \rightarrow V \rightarrow X$ |
| <b>B</b> | $R \rightarrow T \rightarrow W \rightarrow X$ | <b>D</b> | $R \rightarrow T \rightarrow X$               |

- 20 Rajah 9 menunjukkan objek M dipetakan kepada kedudukan N di bawah suatu translasi.

Diagram 9 shows object M is mapped onto position N under a translation.



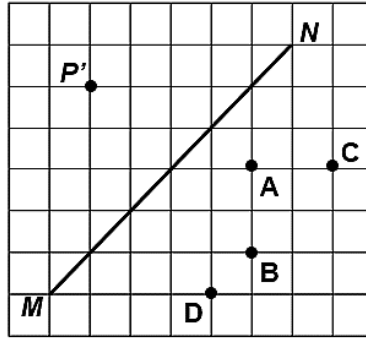
Rajah 9 / Diagram 9

Tentukan kedudukan imej bagi H di bawah translasi yang sama.

Determine the position of image H under the same translation.

- |          |           |          |           |
|----------|-----------|----------|-----------|
| <b>A</b> | $(4, -1)$ | <b>C</b> | $(-1, 4)$ |
| <b>B</b> | $(1, -4)$ | <b>D</b> | $(-4, 1)$ |

- 21 Dalam Rajah 10,  $MN$  ialah garis lurus.  
*In Diagram 10,  $MN$  is a straight line.*



Rajah 10 / Diagram 10

Antara titik **A**, **B**, **C** dan **D**, yang manakah ialah objek bagi imej  $P'$  di bawah pantulan pada garis  $MN$ ?

*Among points **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**, which is the object for image  $P'$  under a reflection on line  $MN$ ?*

- 22 Berikut menunjukkan sebahagian daripada suatu hujah.  
*The following shows part of an argument.*

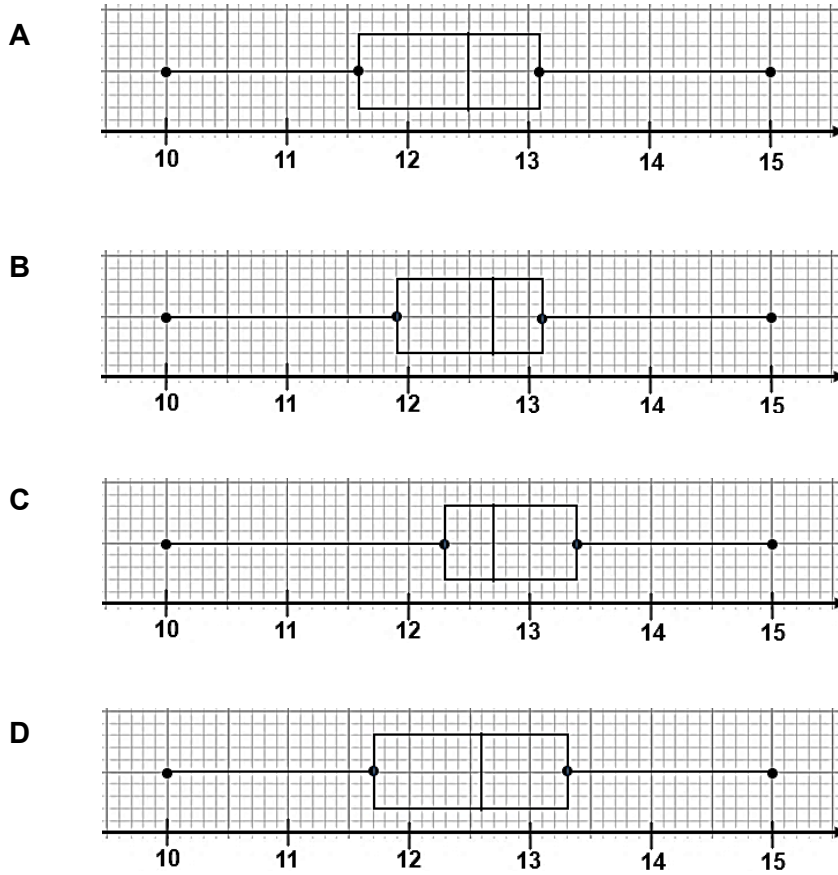
Premis 1 : Hasil tambah sudut pedalaman poligon  $n$  sisi ialah  $(n - 2) \times 180^\circ$ .  
*Premise 1 : The sum of interior angles of a  $n$ -sided polygon is  $(n - 2) \times 180^\circ$ .*

Premis 2 :  $W$  ialah sebuah poligon 7 sisi.  
*Premise 2 :  $W$  is a 7-sided polygon.*

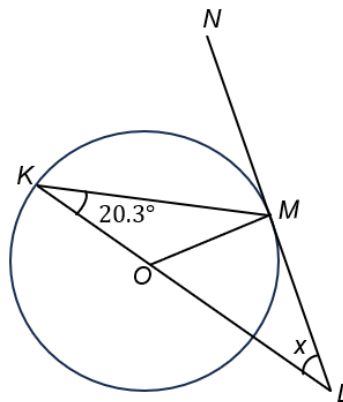
Tentukan hasil tambah sudut pedalaman poligon  $W$ .  
*Determine the sum of interior angles of polygon  $W$ .*

- |          |      |          |      |
|----------|------|----------|------|
| <b>A</b> | 900° | <b>C</b> | 540° |
| <b>B</b> | 720° | <b>D</b> | 360° |

- 23 Julat antara kuartil yang diperolehi daripada satu ogif ialah 1.6. Seorang murid melukis satu plot kotak berdasarkan ogif tersebut. Antara berikut, yang manakah plot kotak yang betul dilukis oleh murid itu?  
*The interquartile range obtained from an ogive is 1.6. A student draws a box plot based on the ogive. Which of the following is the correct box plot drawn by the student?*



- 24 Rajah 11 menunjukkan sebuah bulatan berpusat di  $O$ .  $LMN$  ialah tangen kepada bulatan. Diberi  $\angle LKM = 20.3^\circ$  dan  $KOL$  ialah garis lurus.  
*Diagram 11 shows a circle centered at  $O$ .  $LMN$  is tangent to the circle. Given that  $\angle LKM = 20.3^\circ$  and  $KOL$  is a straight line.*



Rajah 11 / Diagram 11

Cari nilai  $x$ .  
 Find the value of  $x$ .

- |          |                |          |                |
|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|
| <b>A</b> | $49^\circ 24'$ | <b>C</b> | $49^\circ 42'$ |
| <b>B</b> | $59^\circ 42'$ | <b>D</b> | $59^\circ 24'$ |



- 27 Encik Rashid telah membuat pinjaman peribadi sebanyak RM50 000 daripada sebuah bank. Pihak bank telah mengenakan kadar faedah 5% setahun. Hitung bayaran ansuran bulanan jika tempoh pinjaman ialah 9 tahun.

*Encik Rashid has made a personal loan of RM50 000 from a bank. The bank has charged an interest rate of 5% per annum. Calculate the monthly installment if the loan period is 9 years.*

- |          |          |          |            |
|----------|----------|----------|------------|
| <b>A</b> | RM208.33 | <b>C</b> | RM1 875.00 |
| <b>B</b> | RM671.30 | <b>D</b> | RM2 500.00 |

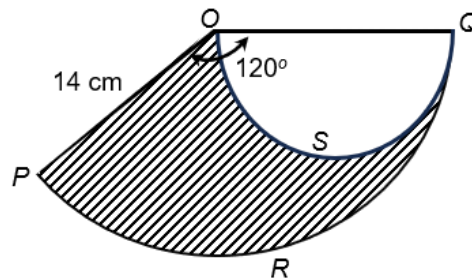
- 28 Ungkapkan  $\frac{2x+6}{y-3} \div \frac{2(x+3)^2}{y^2-9}$  sebagai pecahan tunggal dalam bentuk termudah.

*Express  $\frac{2x+6}{y-3} \div \frac{2(x+3)^2}{y^2-9}$  as a single fraction in its simplest form.*

- |          |                   |          |                   |
|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------|
| <b>A</b> | $\frac{y+3}{x+3}$ | <b>C</b> | $\frac{y-3}{x+3}$ |
| <b>B</b> | $\frac{x+3}{y+3}$ | <b>D</b> | $\frac{y-3}{x-3}$ |

- 29 Rajah 13 menunjukkan sebuah sektor  $OPRQ$  bagi bulatan yang berpusat di  $O$  dan  $OQS$  ialah sebuah semibulatan.

*Diagram 13 shows a sector  $OPRQ$  of a circle with centre  $O$  and  $OQS$  is a semicircle.*



Rajah 13 / Diagram 13

Hitung luas kawasan yang berlorek.

*Calculate the area of the shaded region.*

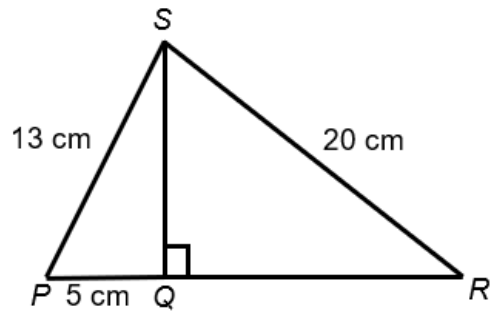
- |          |                 |          |                  |
|----------|-----------------|----------|------------------|
| <b>A</b> | $21\frac{1}{3}$ | <b>C</b> | $128\frac{1}{3}$ |
| <b>B</b> | $57\frac{1}{3}$ | <b>D</b> | $205\frac{1}{3}$ |







- 36 Rajah 16 menunjukkan dua buah segi tiga bersudut tegak  $SPQ$  dan  $SQR$ .  
*Diagram 16 shows two right-angled triangles  $SPQ$  and  $SQR$ .*

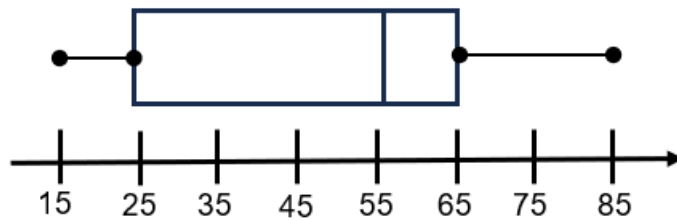


Rajah 16 / Diagram 16

Hitung panjang  $PR$ .  
*Calculate the length of  $PR$ .*

- |          |       |          |       |
|----------|-------|----------|-------|
| <b>A</b> | 12 cm | <b>C</b> | 21 cm |
| <b>B</b> | 16 cm | <b>D</b> | 32 cm |

- 37 Rajah 17 menunjukkan sebuah plot kotak.  
*Diagram 17 shows a box plot.*



Rajah 17 / Diagram 17

Nyatakan nilai kuartil ketiga.  
*State the value of third quartile.*

- |          |    |          |    |
|----------|----|----------|----|
| <b>A</b> | 25 | <b>C</b> | 55 |
| <b>B</b> | 40 | <b>D</b> | 65 |

- 38 Antara berikut, yang manakah merupakan pendapatan pasif?  
Which of the following are passive income?

I	Gaji / <i>Salaries</i>
II	Dividen / <i>Dividends</i>
III	Komisen / <i>Commissions</i>
IV	Sewa yang diterima / <i>Rental received</i>
V	Elaun / <i>Allowances</i>

- A II, IV dan V  
II, IV and V
- B II dan IV  
II and IV
- C I, III dan V  
I, III and V
- D II, III, IV dan V  
II, III, IV and V
- 39 Encik Mamat memiliki sebidang tanah seluas 0.3 km<sup>2</sup> iaitu tiga kali ganda luasnya berbanding dengan tanah yang dimiliki oleh Encik Harun. Diberi kadar cukai tanah mereka adalah sama iaitu RM0.25/m<sup>2</sup>, kira perbezaan cukai yang dibayar oleh mereka.  
*Encik Mamat owns a piece of land of 0.3 km<sup>2</sup> which is three times the land area that's of Encik Harun. It is given that they have the same quit rent of RM0.25/m<sup>2</sup>, calculate the difference of the quit rent paid by them.*
- A 75
- B 50
- C 0.075
- D 50 000
- 40 Manakah antara julat nilai faktor skala,  $k$  yang akan menghasilkan bentuk objek dan imej yang kongruen?  
*Which of the range of values of the scale factor,  $k$  will produce a congruent of shape of the object and the image?*

I	$k > 1$
II	$k = 1$
III	$0 < k < 1$
IV	$-1 < k < 0$
V	$k = -1$
VI	$k < -1$

- A II dan V  
II and V
- B III dan IV  
III and IV
- C I dan VI  
I and VI
- D I, II, III, IV, V dan VI  
I, II, III, IV, V and VI